NORTH EAST TEXAS REGIONAL MOBILITY AUTHORITY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH AUDITORS' REPORT THEREON SEPTEMBER 30, 2016 and 2015

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors North East Texas Regional Mobility Authority Tyler, Texas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying statements of financial position and the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position of the North East Texas Regional Mobility Authority (Authority), as of and for the years ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the Authority's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



PROTHRO. WILHELMI AND COMPANY. PLLC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Authority as of September 30, 2016 and 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 8 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 30, 2017, on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Prothio, Wilhel & Compay, PLIC

PROTHRO, WILHELMI AND COMPANY, PLLC

Tyler, Texas January 30, 2017

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's discussion and analysis of the North East Texas Regional Mobility Authority's (Authority) financial performance provides an overview of the Authority's financial activities for the years ended September 30, 2016 and 2015. Please read it in conjunction with the Authority's financial statements which follow this section.

The Authority was created by the State of Texas in 2004. At September 30, 2016, the Authority consisted of the following counties: Bowie, Cherokee, Gregg, Harrison, Kaufman, Panola, Rusk, Smith, Titus, Upshur, Wood, and Van Zandt.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Due from other agencies increased \$1,996,174 and consists of amounts due from other tolling authorities for toll tag and video transactions as well as late fees from the operation of Toll 49.
- Capital assets increased \$17,459,460, net of depreciation expense of \$6,520,063. The increase relates to construction in progress on Segment 4 of Toll 49.
- Long-term liabilities increased \$151,801,406 mainly due to the issuance of Revenue Bonds.
- Toll revenues increased \$3,407,908 and total expenses increased \$1,132,039 as of the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management's Discussion and Analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Authority's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements comprise the financial statements and notes to the financial statements.

The Authority is a special-purpose government that is engaged in business-type activities and accounted for as a proprietary fund in accordance with governmental accounting and financial reporting principles issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). As a result, the operations of the Authority are accounted for on the accrual method of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned and expenses are recognized in the period the liability is incurred.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE AUTHORITY

Net Position and Changes in Net Position

The Authority's total assets increased \$160,464,410 from 2015 to 2016. In addition, current assets increased \$143,004,950 and noncurrent assets increased \$17,459,460.

Total liabilities increased \$163,440,119. The Authority's net position decreased \$2,975,709.

Net Position

2016			2015
\$	154,981,351	\$	11,976,401
	253,482,110		236,022,650
¢	109 162 161	¢	247 000 051
\$	408,403,401	\$	247,999,051
\$	223,570,946	\$	60,130,827
\$	184,892,515	\$	187,868,224
	\$ \$ \$	\$ 154,981,351 253,482,110 \$ 408,463,461 \$ 223,570,946	\$ 154,981,351 \$ 253,482,110 \$ \$ 408,463,461 \$ \$ 223,570,946 \$

	2016			2015
Revenues:				
Toll revenues – electronic, net	\$	8,144,374	\$	6,550,674
Toll revenues – video, net		6,051,274		4,237,066
Contributions – member counties		35,300		36,000
Grants and related revenue		587,624		56,623
Total revenues		14,818,572		10,880,363
Expenses:				
General expenses		913,367		570,595
Toll operating expenses		9,471,553		8,682,286
Total expenses		10,384,920		9,252,881
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(7,409,361)		(2,542,562)
Change in net position		(2,975,709)		(915,080)
Net position, beginning of year		187,868,224		188,783,304
Net position, end of year	\$	184,892,515	\$	187,868,224

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE AUTHORITY – continued

Capital Assets and Long-Term Debt

The Authority's capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by \$17,459,460 primarily due to construction in progress.

	 2016	 2015
Property, toll roads, and equipment, net	\$ 243,042,627	\$ 243,080,030
Construction in progress	27,380,364	3,615,829
Accumulated depreciation	 (16,940,880)	 (10,673,209)
Total capital assets, net	\$ 253,482,110	\$ 236,022,650

Long-Term Debt

Financial Assistance Agreement (FAA)

On March 7, 2006, the Authority entered into an agreement with the Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) for the purpose of providing financial assistance up to \$12,250,000 in connection with the study and development of four segments (#1, 2, 3A and 5) of Toll 49 in Smith County. An interim loan was obtained to pay the debt in full on April 30, 2016.

Interlocal Agreement

On May 20, 2009, the Authority entered into an agreement with Rusk County for the purpose of expediting the development of the extension of Loop 571. As of September 30, 2016, the Authority had received the total interlocal agreement amount of \$411,600. No costs were incurred by the Authority for the years ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

State Infrastructure Bank Loan (SIB)

The SIB loan provided financial assistance in connection with the construction and further development of Segment 3B of Toll 49. An interim loan from Bank of America was obtained to pay the SIB loan in full on April 30, 2016.

Interim Loan

The Authority obtained an interim loan from Bank of America on April 30, 2016 in the amount of \$65,000,000. The funds were used to pay off the FAA and SIB loans. The interim loan was paid off on June 16, 2016 by the Senior and Subordinate Revenue Bonds.

Long-Term Debt – continued

<u>Senior Lien Revenue Bonds, Series 2016A:</u> The terms of the Senior Lien Bonds are as follows:

- 1. The Authority issued bonds to fund the construction of Segment 4 and paying off the remaining balance of the interim loan.
- 2. The Senior Lien Bond was issued June 16, 2016 in the amount of \$124,735,000, and has a stated maturity date of January 1, 2046.
- 3. Interest on the aggregate disbursed principal amount of the bond shall accrued at an interest rate of 5.00 percent per annum, with such interest being payable on each January 1 and July 1, commencing July 1, 2017. Accrued interest payable on the Senior Lien Bond at September 30, 2016 was \$1,819,052.
- 4. The initial principal payment is due January 1, 2022.

Subordinate Lien Revenue Bonds, Series 2016B:

The terms of the Subordinate Lien Bonds are as follows:

- 1. The Authority issued bonds to fund the construction of Segment 4 and paying off the remaining balance of the interim loan.
- 2. The Subordinate Lien Bond was issued June 16, 2016 in the amount of \$56,615,000, and has a stated maturity date of January 1, 2046.
- 3. Interest on the aggregate disbursed principal amount of the bond shall accrued at an interest rate of 5.00 percent per annum, with such interest being payable on each January 1 and July 1, commencing July 1, 2017. Accrued interest payable on the Subordinate Lien Bond at September 30, 2016 was \$825,635.
- 4. The initial principal payment is due January 1, 2020.

Long-Term Debt – continued

As of September 30, 2016 and 2015, the Authority had the following long-term debt:

	Sej	ptember 30, 2016	Sej	September 30, 2015			
Long-term liabilities:							
FAA payable	\$	-	\$	12,250,000			
SIB loan payable		-		45,854,604			
Revenue bonds payable		209,906,010		-			
Total long-term liabilities	\$	209,906,010	\$	58,104,604			

CONTACTING THE AUTHORITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide taxpayers, patrons, and other interested parties with a general overview of the Authority's finances and to show the Authority's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the North East Texas Regional Mobility Authority, 1001 ESE Loop 323, Suite 420, Tyler, Texas 75701.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NORTH EAST TEXAS REGIONAL MOBILITY AUTHORITY STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2016 AND 2015

ASSETS	2016			2015
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	186,550	\$	161,365
Due from other agencies		5,623,901		3,627,727
Other assets		3,205		9,075
Restricted assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents		149,167,695		8,178,234
Total current assets	. <u> </u>	154,981,351		11,976,401
Noncurrent assets:				
Capital assets:				
Property, toll roads, and equipment		243,042,627		243,080,030
Construction in progress		27,380,364		3,615,829
Accumulated depreciation		(16,940,880)		(10,673,209)
Total noncurrent assets		253,482,110		236,022,650
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	408,463,461	\$	247,999,051
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	10,780,880	\$	1,467,400
Accrued interest payable		2,644,687		319,454
Unearned revenue		239,369		239,369
Total current liabilities		13,664,936		2,026,223
Long-term liabilities:				
Financial assistance agreement payable		-		12,250,000
Loans payable		-		45,854,604
Bonds payable		209,906,010		-
Total long-term liabilities		209,906,010		58,104,604
Total liabilities		223,570,946		60,130,827
NET POSITION				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		172,416,875		177,598,592
Restricted		12,286,085		9,788,813
Unrestricted		189,555		480,819
Total net position		184,892,515		187,868,224
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$	408,463,461	\$	247,999,051

NORTH EAST TEXAS REGIONAL MOBILITY AUTHORITY STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016 AND 2015

	2016	2015		
OPERATING REVENUES				
Toll revenues - electronic, net	\$ 8,144,374	\$ 6,550,674		
Toll revenues - video, net	6,051,274	4,237,066		
Contributions - member counties	35,300	36,000		
Grant and other revenue	587,624	56,623		
Total operating revenues	14,818,572	10,880,363		
GENERAL EXPENSES				
Administrative	106,119	89,757		
Salaries and Payroll taxes	231,308	158,890		
Grant and related expenses	312,250	56,623		
Legal and professional	263,690	265,325		
Total general expenses	913,367	570,595		
TOLL OPERATING EXPENSES				
Depreciation expense	6,520,063	6,086,701		
General engineering consultants	514,361	378,898		
Project director	246,176	229,906		
Roadway maintenance	1,040,930	1,475,609		
Toll equipment maintenance	520,812	168,542		
Transmission line charges	95,113	64,654		
Legal fees	345,469	172,046		
Toll operating system support	66,738	53,275		
Utilities	17,857	17,455		
Insurance	27,886	27,562		
Other operating expenses	76,148	7,638		
Total toll operating expenses	9,471,553	8,682,286		
Total expenses	10,384,920	9,252,881		
Operating income	4,433,652	1,627,482		
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
East Texas Hour Glass Study	-	(28,988)		
Financing expenses	(3,556,187)	-		
Traffic and revenue study	(264,058)	(636,751)		
Interest income	26,807	663		
Interest expense	(3,615,923)	(1,877,486)		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(7,409,361)	(2,542,562)		
Change in net position	(2,975,709)	(915,080)		
NET POSITION, beginning of year	187,868,224	188,783,304		
NET POSITION, end of year	\$ 184,892,515	\$ 187,868,224		

NORTH EAST TEXAS REGIONAL MOBILITY AUTHORITY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016 AND 2015

		2016	 2015
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Receipts from toll revenues	\$	12,199,474	\$ 9,929,433
Receipts from member counties		35,300	36,000
Receipts from grants and other revenues		593,494	52,905
Payments to employees		(228,564)	(157,617)
Payments to vendors		(3,048,436)	 (3,435,094)
Net cash flows provided by operating activities		9,551,268	 6,425,627
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	:		
Purchase of capital assets		(15,553,142)	(4,363,787)
Proceeds from revenue bonds		276,299,984	-
Payments on loans and debt		(124,062,965)	-
Payments on interest		(1,691,119)	(1,877,486)
Financing expenses		(3,556,187)	 (319,454)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		131,436,571	 (6,560,727)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Interest earned		26,807	 663
Net cash flows from investing activities		26,807	 663
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		141,014,646	(134,437)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR		8,339,599	 8,474,036
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$	149,354,245	\$ 8,339,599
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED			
BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Operating income	\$	4,433,652	\$ 1,627,482
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash			
provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation		6,520,063	6,086,701
Traffic and revenue study		(264,058)	(636,751)
East Texas Hour Glass Study		-	(28,988)
Change in assets and liabilities:			
Decrease (Increase) in grants receivable		5,870	(3,718)
Increase in due from other agencies		(1,732,116)	(858,307)
Increase in accounts payable		587,857	 239,208
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	\$	9,551,268	\$ 6,425,627

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

General Statement

The financial statements of the North East Texas Regional Mobility Authority "Authority" have been prepared in conformity with accounting practices generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to government units. Generally accepted accounting principles for government units include those principles prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The more significant Authority's accounting policies are described below:

Reporting Entity

The Authority was formed by the State of Texas in 2004. At September 30 2016, the member counties included: Bowie, Cherokee, Gregg, Harrison, Kaufman, Panola, Rusk, Smith, Titus, Upshur, Wood and Van Zandt.

Under the power given by the State Legislature, the Authority has the ability to finance, acquire, design, construct, operate, maintain, expand or extend local transportation projects. The primary purpose of the Authority is to accelerate the development of transportation projects that will enhance the quality of life and economic environment in North East Texas.

Basis of Presentation

The operations of the Authority are accounted for within a single proprietary fund. Proprietary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Position; a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position; and a Statement of Cash Flows.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Operating revenues in the proprietary fund are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and demand deposits as of September 30, 2016 and 2015. These deposits are fully collateralized or covered by federal deposit insurance.

Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds from the Authority's bonds and grants are classified as restricted assets because their use is restricted by applicable bond covenants. In addition, the bond covenants specify that toll revenues collected be held in bank accounts for the purposes of construction, operation and maintenance, renewal and replacement, and debt service of Toll 49.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at cost and typically include property, equipment, and infrastructure assets. Construction in progress costs are not depreciated until construction is complete and the assets are placed in service. Depreciation is computed on the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Bridges – 45 years Roads – 30 years Gantries – 20 years Signage, guardrails, and lighting – 10 years Equipment – 7 years

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislations adopted by the Authority or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws or regulations of other governments. The Authority's policy is to first use restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

Income Taxes

The Authority is a quasi-governmental entity formed by the State of Texas. As a result, income earned by the operation of the Authority is exempt from state or federal income taxes.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Toll Revenues and Related Costs

Toll revenues and related costs associated with the collection of toll revenues are reported on the financials at their net amounts.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to the 2015 financial statements to conform to the 2016 financial statement presentation.

2. DEPOSITS

State statutes require that all deposits in financial institutions be fully collateralized by U.S. Government obligations or its agencies and instrumentalities that have a market value of not less than the principal amount of the deposits. The Authority's deposits were fully insured as required by state statutes at September 30, 2016 and 2015.

3. RESTRICTED ASSETS

Restricted assets of the Authority consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents, toll receivables and payables from restricted accounts including unspent bond proceeds and related bond debt at September 30, 2016 and 2015.

	-	ember 30, 2016	September 30, 2015		
Cash:					
Rusk County Interlocal agreement	\$	239,369	\$	239,369	
SIB and TEL bank accounts		-		456,705	
Bond debt service accounts		16,227,194		-	
Construction fund		103,790,679		-	
Revenue fund		214,943		988,349	
Operating and maintenance fund		1,108,807		41,467	
Renewal and replacement fund		625,101		-	
General fund		16,520,940		6,452,344	
Capitalized interest project fund		10,440,662		-	
Total restricted cash		149,167,695		8,178,234	
Other restrictions:		· · ·			
Restricted receivables		5,624,101		3,636,802	
Amounts payable out of restricted funds	(1	42,505,711)		(2,026,223)	
Total other restrictions	(1	36,881,610)		1,610,579	
Restricted net position	\$	12,286,085	\$	9,788,813	

3. RESTRICTED ASSETS – continued

Included in restricted cash is the general fund. According to the loan covenants of the Senior and Subordinate lien revenue bonds, cash from the general fund will be used to satisfy deficiencies in the bond debt service accounts, if necessary. After satisfying those requirements, such cash may be expended or transferred from time to time for any of the following purposes, with no one item having priority over any of the others:

- a) To purchase, redeem or repay obligations;
- b) To pay maintenance expenses and operating expenses;
- c) To make payments into the construction fund;
- d) To fund improvements, extensions and replacements of the System; or
- e) For any other lawful purpose.

The Authority has the right under the bond indentures to pledge amounts on deposit in the general fund to the payment of any obligation of the Authority authorized under the Act to which it was created.

4. DUE FROM OTHER AGENCIES

Due from other agencies consists of amounts due from other tolling authorities for toll tag transactions and other agencies for video transactions and late fees from Toll 49.

	Sep	tember 30,	September 30,			
		2016	2015			
Tolls receivable	\$	2,914,550	\$	1,907,280		
Fees receivable		2,709,351		1,720,447		
Due From Other Agencies	\$	5,623,901	\$	3,627,727		

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets of the Authority consisted of the following as of September 30, 2016 and 2015:

	Sep	tember 30, 2015	Additions		Transfers / Additions Retirements		September 30, 2016		
Property, Toll Roads, and		2013	A		Ne			2010	
Equipment:									
Toll 49 Right of Way	\$	39,808,067	\$	-	\$	(9,290)	\$	39,798,777	
Toll 49 Bridges		64,191,695		-		-		64,191,695	
Toll 49 Highway		126,943,754		-		-		126,943,754	
Toll 49 Gantries and toll equipment		12,074,528		338,570		(352,918)		12,060,180	
Office equipment and other		61,986		16,235		(30,000)		48,220	
Construction in progress		3,615,829		23,764,536		-		27,380,364	
Total Capital Assets		246,695,859		24,119,341		(392,208)		270,422,990	
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(10,673,209)	((6,520,063)		252,392		(16,940,880)	
Total Capital Assets, net	\$	236,022,650	\$	17,599,278	\$	(139,816)	\$	253,482,110	

	September 30,		Transfers/		nsfers/ Septemb			
		2014	A	dditions	Retirements			2015
Property, Toll Roads, and								
Equipment:								
Toll 49 Right of Way	\$	39,808,067	\$	-	\$	-	\$	39,808,067
Toll 49 Bridges		64,191,695		-		-		64,191,695
Toll 49 Highway		126,943,754		-		-		126,943,754
Toll 49 Gantries and toll equip.		8,529,518		-	3,545,0)10		12,074,528
Office equipment and other		40,674		21,312		-		61,986
Construction in progress		2,771,753		4,389,086	(3,545,0	10)		3,615,829
Total Capital Assets		242,285,461		4,410,398		-		246,695,859
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(4,586,508)		(6,086,701)		-		(10,673,209)
Total Capital Assets, net	\$	237,698,953	\$	(1,676,303)	\$	_	\$	236,022,650

Depreciation expense for the years ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 was \$6,520,063 and \$6,086,701, respectively.

6. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

Accounts payable consisted of the following at September 30, 2016 and 2015:

	Ser	otember 30, 2016	September 30, 2015		
Accounts payable – construction Accounts payable – operations Accounts payable – other	\$	9,347,037 1,389,510 44,333	\$	621,414 803,565 42,421	
Total	\$	10,780,880	\$	1,467,400	

7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following summarizes long-term debt activity of the Authority for the years ended September 30, 2016 and 2015:

	Sep	otember 30, 2015	Additions/ Amortization	Reductions	September 30, 2016
Long-term liabilities:					
FAA payable	\$	12,250,000	\$ -	\$ (12,250,000)	\$ -
SIB loan payable		45,854,604	958,361	(46,812,965)	-
Interim loan		-	65,000,000	(65,000,000)	-
Bonds - Senior lien		-	124,735,000	-	124,735,000
Bonds - Subordinate lien		-	56,615,000	-	56,615,000
Subtotal		58,104,604	247,308,361	(124,062,965)	181,350,000
Bond premium payable:					
Bond premiums		-	28,956,440	-	28,956,440
Bond premiums amortization		-	(400,430)	-	(400,430)
Subtotal		-	28,556,010	-	28,556,010
Total long-term liabilities	\$	58,104,604	\$ 275,864,371	\$ (124,062,965)	\$ 209,906,010
Current year interest payable:					
Bond accrued interest		-	2,644,687	-	2,644,687
Interim loan accrued interest		-	297,917	(297,917)	-
SIB accrued interest		319,454	1,073,748	(1,393,202)	
Total current year interest payable		319,454	4,016,352	(1,691,119)	2,644,687

7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - continued

	Sept	ember 30,					Sept	ember 30,
		2014	A	dditions	Reduc	ctions		2015
Long-term liabilities:								
FAA payable	\$	12,250,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,250,000
SIB loan payable		43,996,339		1,858,265		-		45,854,604
Total long-term liabilities	\$	56,246,339	\$	1,858,265	\$	-	\$	58,104,604
Current year interest payable:								
SIB accrued interest payable		300,233		1,877,486	(1,8	858,265)		319,454

Financial Assistance Agreement

On March 7, 2006, the Authority entered into an agreement with TxDOT for the purpose of obtaining financial assistance up to \$12,250,000 in connection with the study and development of four segments (1, 2, 3A, and 5) of Toll 49. The loan was paid in full on April 30, 2016 utilizing funds obtained from an interim loan.

Rusk County Interlocal Agreement

On May 20, 2009, the Authority entered into an agreement with Rusk County, Texas, for the purpose of expediting the development of the extension of Loop 571.

The terms of the interlocal agreement are as follows:

- 1. The Authority shall perform, or supervise the performance of, services related to the development of the Project, including completing of property acquisition; preparation of environmental studies, reports, and permits; and related legal and project director services.
- 2. Rusk County shall provide funds to the Authority in the amount of \$411,600 to be used for the development of the project.

For the years ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, the Authority incurred no expenses in connection with the extension of Loop 571.

In connection with the interlocal agreement, the Authority defers revenue related to funds received in advance for the development of the extension of Loop 571. These amounts are reported as revenues when expended in order to present a proper matching of revenues and expenses. As of September 30, 2016 and 2015, the amount of unearned revenue totaled \$239,369.

7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - continued

State Infrastructure Bank Loan

On March 1, 2011, the Authority entered into agreements with TxDOT totaling approximately \$39 million for the purpose of providing financial assistance in connection with the design, development, financing, right-of-way acquisition, and construction of Segment 3B of the Toll 49. The loan was paid in full on April 30, 2016 utilizing funds obtained from an interim loan.

Interim Loan

The Authority obtained an interim loan from Bank of America on April 30, 2016 in the amount of \$65,000,000. The funds were used to pay off the FAA and SIB loans. The loan was paid off on June 16, 2016 by the Senior and Subordinate Lien Revenue bonds.

Senior and Subordinate Lien Revenue Bonds:

On June 16, 2016, the Authority issued two bonds totaling approximately \$181 million for the purpose of providing financial assistance in connection with the design, development, financing, right-of-way acquisition, and construction of Segment 4 of the Toll 49.

Senior Lien Revenue Bonds:

The terms of the Senior Lien Bonds are as follows:

- 1. The Authority issued bonds to fund the construction of Segment 4 and paying the remaining balance of the interim loan.
- 2. The Senior Lien Bond was issued June 16, 2016 in the amount of \$124,735,000, and has a stated maturity date of January 1, 2046.
- 3. Interest on the aggregate disbursed principal amount of the bond shall accrued at an interest rate of 5.00 percent per annum, with such interest being payable on each January 1 and July 1, commencing July 1, 2017. Accrued interest payable on the Senior Lien Bond at September 30, 2016 was \$1,819,052.
- 4. The initial principal payment is due January 1, 2022.

7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - continued

Subordinate Lien Revenue Bonds:

The terms of the Subordinate Lien Bonds are as follows:

- 1. The Authority issued bonds to fund the construction of Segment 4 and paying the remaining balance of the interim loan.
- 2. The Subordinate Lien Bond was issued June 16, 2016 in the amount of \$56,615,000, and has a stated maturity date of January 1, 2046.
- 3. Interest on the aggregate disbursed principal amount of the bond shall accrued at an interest rate of 5.00 percent per annum, with such interest being payable on each January 1 and July 1, commencing July 1, 2017. Accrued interest payable on the Senior Lien Bond at September 30, 2016 was \$825,635.
- 4. The initial principal payment is due January 1, 2020.

Future payments of principal and interest on the Authority's Revenue Bonds are as follows at September 30, 2016:

Fiscal Year Ended September 30	Principal	Principal Interest	
2017	\$ -	\$ 9,445,313	\$ 9,445,313
2018	-	9,067,500	9,067,500
2019	-	9,067,500	9,067,500
2020	1,400,000	9,032,500	10,432,500
2021	500,000	8,985,000	9,485,000
2022-2026	11,185,000	43,705,625	54,890,625
2027-2031	22,330,000	39,478,250	61,808,250
2032-2036	35,425,000	32,376,375	67,801,375
2037-2041	48,545,000	21,796,125	70,341,125
2042-2046	61,965,000	8,048,375	70,013,375
Total obligations	\$ 181,350,000	\$ 191,002,563	\$ 372,352,563

8. TOLL REVENUES AND RELATED COSTS

Electronic and video revenues and related costs are detailed below for the years ended September 30, 2016 and 2015:

	September 30,		September 30,		
	2016		2015		
Toll revenue – electronic	\$	8,731,329	\$	7,016,986	
Less: electronic processing costs		(586,955)		(466,312)	
Toll revenue – electronic, net	\$	8,144,374	\$	6,550,674	
Toll revenue – video	\$	4,251,018	\$	3,387,169	
Video violation fees		2,094,696		1,292,280	
Less: video processing costs		(294,440)		(442,383)	
Toll revenue – video, net	\$	6,051,274	\$	4,237,066	

9. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As of September 30, 2016 the Authority is involved in various contract disputes during the normal course of operations. Based upon the status of claims and the information available, the Authority believes that no liability will be incurred as a result of the claims.

10. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On October 18, 2016, the Authority created an investment portfolio. The investment portfolio is within the construction fund account encompassing the proceeds from the bonds issued in June of 2016. The initial deposit was \$90,000,000 and was designed to have securities mature on a monthly basis. The funds on the matured securities would be used to fund the construction of Segment 4 of Toll 49.

The Authority has evaluated subsequent events through January 30, 2017, which is the date the financial statements were made available to management.

COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Board of Directors North East Texas Regional Mobility Authority

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the North East Texas Regional Mobility Authority (Authority), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 30, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Authority's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Authority's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



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Compliance and Other Matters

In connection with our engagement to audit the financial statements of the Authority, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. Additionally, if the scope of our work had been sufficient to enable us to express opinions on the basic financial statements, other instances of noncompliance or other matters may have been identified and reported herein.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion of the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Prother Withen & Compay, PLCC

PROTHRO, WILHELMI AND COMPANY, PLLC

Tyler, Texas January 30, 2017